



Safety Data Sheet

Sand and Gravel

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Product: Sand and Gravel

Synonyms: Aggregate, Sand, Gravel, Natural Sand, Construction Aggregate

Product Use: Sand and Gravel aggregate may be used in the manufacture of bricks, mortar, cement, concrete, plasters, paving materials, and other construction materials. Sand and Gravel aggregate may be distributed in bags, totes, and bulk shipments.

Manufacturer: Dolese Bros. Co.
 8300 N Oklahoma Avenue
 Oklahoma City, OK 73114
 Phone: 405-235-2311
www.dolese.com

Section 2: Hazards Identification

Physical Hazards Not Classified

Hazard Classification Carcinogenicity Category 1A
 Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Category 2
 Repeated Exposure

OSHA Defined Hazards Not Classified

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS
Symbol(s)



Signal Word Danger

Hazard statement May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Restrict or control access to stockpile areas. Engulfment hazard: To prevent burial or suffocation, do not enter a confined space, such as a silo, bulk truck or other storage container or vessel that stores or contains aggregates without an effective procedure for assuring safety.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise Classified (HNOC) None Known



Supplemental Information

Respirable Crystalline Silica (RCS) may cause cancer. Sand and Gravel is a naturally occurring mineral complex that contains varying quantities of quartz (crystalline silica). In its natural bulk state, Sand and Gravel is not a known health hazard. Sand and Gravel may be subjected to various natural or mechanical forces that produce small particles (dust) which may contain respirable crystalline silica (particles less than 10 micrometers in aerodynamic diameter). Repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica (quartz) may cause lung cancer according to IARC and NTP; ACGIH states that it is a suspected cause of cancer. Other forms of RCS (e.g., tridymite and cristobalite) may also be present or formed under certain industrial processes.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Number	Percent
Sand and Gravel	None	> 99
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	> 1

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Inhalation	Sand and Gravel dust: Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Sand and Gravel dust: Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Sand and Gravel dust: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart. Occasionally lift the eyelid(s) to ensure thorough rinsing. Beyond flushing, do not attempt to remove material from the eye(s). Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion	Sand and Gravel dust: Rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.
Most important symptoms /effects, acute and delayed	Inhaling dust may cause discomfort in the chest, shortness of breath, and coughing. Prolonged inhalation may cause chronic health effects. This product contains crystalline silica. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica liberated from this product can cause silicosis and may cause cancer.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General Information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Pre-existing medical conditions that may be aggravated by exposure include disorders of the eye, skin and lung (including asthma and other breathing disorders). If addicted to tobacco, smoking will impair the ability of the lungs to clear themselves of dust.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Non-flammable. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Not a combustible dust.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Use protective equipment appropriate for surrounding materials.
Firefighting equipment /instructions	No Specific precautions.
Specific methods	Contact with powerful oxidizing agents may cause fire and/or explosions (see section 10 of SDS)
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.



Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions and emergency procedures Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up of materials that contain or may liberate Sand and Gravel dust

Materials and methods for containment and clean-up Spilled material, where dust is generated, may overexpose cleanup personnel to respirable crystalline silica-containing dust. Do not dry sweep or use compressed air for clean-up. Wetting of spilled material and/or use of respiratory protective equipment may be necessary.

Environmental Precautions Avoid discharge of fine particulate matter into drains or water courses.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage Avoid dust formation or accumulation.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits

1. Value equivalent to OSHA formulas (29 CFR 1910.1000; 29 CFR 1917; 29 CFR 1918).
2. Value also applies to MSHA Metal/Non-Metal (1973 TLVs at 30 CFR 56/57.5001)
3. OSHA enforces 0.250 mg/m³ in construction and shipyards (CPL-03-00-007).
4. Value also applies to OSHA construction (29 CFR 1926.55 Appendix A) and shipyards (29 CFR 1915.1000 Table Z).
5. MSHA limit = 10 mg/m³.

U.S. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Particulates not otherwise classified (CAS SEQ250)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust (4)

U.S. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m ³	Total dust (1,2)
		0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable (1,2,3)
Tridymite and Cristobalite (other forms of crystalline silica) (CAS Mixture)	TWA	0.15 mg/m ³	Total dust (1)
		0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable (1,2)
Particulates not otherwise classified (CAS SEQ250)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction (1)
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust (1,4,5)

U.S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values®

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline Silica (all forms; CAS mixture)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction
Particulates not otherwise classified (CAS Mixture)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Respirable particles (2)
		10 mg/m ³	Inhalable particles (2)



U.S. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline Silica (all forms; CAS mixture)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust

Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Exposure guidelines	OSHA PELs, MSHA PELs, and ACGIH TLVs are 8-hr TWA values. NIOSH RELs are for TWA exposures up to 10-hr./day and 40-hr/wk. Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. Terms including “Particulates Not Otherwise Classified,” “Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated,” “Particulates Not Otherwise Specified,” and “Inert or Nuisance Dust” are often used interchangeably; however, the user should review each agency’s terminology for differences in meanings.
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour indoors) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Use personal protective equipment as required.
Other	Use personal protective equipment as required.
Respiratory protection	When handling or performing work with Sand and Gravel that produces dust or respirable crystalline silica in excess of applicable exposure limits, wear a NIOSH-approved respirator that is properly fitted and is in good condition. Respirators must be used in accordance with all applicable workplace regulations.
Thermal hazards	Not anticipated. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance		Vapor Pressure	Not applicable
Physical state	Solid	Vapor Density	Not applicable
Form	Solid particles	Relative Density	2.55 – 2.80
Color	multicolored	Solubility(ies)	
Odor	Not applicable	Solubility (water)	Insoluble
Odor threshold	Not applicable	Partition coefficient	Not applicable
pH	8.0 – 9.0	(n- octanol/water)	
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable	Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not applicable
Flash point	Non combustible	Viscosity	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not applicable	Other information	
Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limits		Explosive properties	Not applicable
Flammability limit – lower (%)	Not applicable	Flammability	Not applicable
Flammability limit – Upper (%)	Not applicable		



Section 10: Chemical Stability and Reactivity Information

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica (quartz) may cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Silicosis is irreversible and may be fatal. Silicosis increases the risk of contracting pulmonary tuberculosis. Some studies suggest that repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may cause other adverse health effects including lung and kidney cancer.
Skin contact	Sand and Gravel dust: May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.
Eye contact	Sand and Gravel dust: May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product. However, accidental ingestion of the content may cause discomfort.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Sand and Gravel dust: Discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath. Coughing.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not expected to be acutely toxic.
Skin corrosion/irritation	This product is not expected to be a skin hazard.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization	No respiratory sensitizing effects known.
Skin sensitization	Not known to be a dermal irritant or sensitizer.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	Respirable crystalline silica has been classified by IARC and NTP as a known human carcinogen, and classified by ACGIH as a suspected human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Respirable Tridymite and Cristobalite (other forms of Crystalline) (CAS Mixture)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
--	-------------------------------

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity	Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.
------------------------------	---



Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity –repeated exposure	Respirable crystalline silica: May cause damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may be harmful. May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. There are reports in the literature suggesting that excessive crystalline silica exposure may be associated with autoimmune disorders and other adverse health effects involving the kidney. In particular, the incidence of scleroderma (thickening of the skin caused by swelling and thickening of fibrous tissue) appears to be higher in silicotic individuals. To date, the evidence does not conclusively determine a causal relationship between silica exposure and these adverse health effects.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. Discharging Sand and Gravel dust and fines into waters may increase total suspended particulate (TSP) levels that can be harmful to certain aquatic organisms.
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not applicable.
Mobility in soil	Not applicable.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g., ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal instructions	Do not allow fine particulate matter to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with fine particulates. Dispose of contents in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazardous waste code	Not regulated.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty packaging materials should be recycled or disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations and practices.

Section 14: Transportation Information

DOT	Not regulated as dangerous goods
IATA	Not regulated as dangerous goods
IMDG	Not regulated as dangerous goods
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not Applicable



Section 15: Regulatory Information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)		Not regulated.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		Not listed.
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)		Not listed.
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)		
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard	No
	Delayed Hazard	Yes
	Fire Hazard	No
	Pressure Hazard	No
	Reactivity Hazard	No
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance		Not listed.
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical		Yes
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)		Not regulated
Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List		Not regulated.
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)		Not regulated
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)		Not regulated
International Inventories		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

* A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
 A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Section 16: Other Information

Dolese Bros. Co. (DBC) believes the information contained herein is accurate; however, DBC makes no guarantees with respect to such accuracy and assumes no liability in connection with the use of the information contained herein which is not intended to be and should not be construed as legal advice or as insuring compliance with any federal, state or local laws or regulations. Any party using this product should review all such laws, rules, or regulations prior to use, including but not limited to the United States and Local State regulations.

NO WARRANTY IS MADE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR OTHERWISE.